Grima MAT 151 Chapter 6 Practice Test 1) $f(x) = x^2 - 2x + 1$ g(x) = 7x - 5

Find the following:

a) $(g \circ f)(x)$

b) the domain of $(g \circ f)(x)$

2) The graph of a one to one f function is given. Draw the graph of the inverse function f^{-1} .

(Just switch the x and y values of each point, plot the new points and connect them with the same shape.)



3) $f(x) = x^3 + 4$

- a) Find the inverse of f(x)
- b) Check your answer by showing that $(f \circ f^{-1})(x) = x$

4) $f(x) = e^{x}$

i) Find the requested function.

ii) Describe the transformation compared to f(x)Hint:

a) f(x – 2) b))	f(x) + 4
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c) -f(x) d) f(x + 3) - 2

#5-7: Solve

5)
$$3^{x+2} = 81$$
 6) $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{x+1} = \frac{1}{16}$ 7) $4^{3x+1*}4^{2x-3} = 4^{18}$

8 - 9: Let $f(x) = \log_2(x)$

8)
$$f(x+1) + 3$$
 9) $f(x-3) - 2$

- a) Find the requested function.
- b) State the domain of function created in part a.
- c) Describe the transformation compared with f(x)
- d) Graph the logarithmic function



10) Write the expression as a single logarithm. Write your answer with only positive exponents.

 $2\log_3 x + 4\log_3 y - 5\log_3 z$

11) Expand into sums and differences of logarithms (express exponents as multiplication).

$$log_3 \frac{x^2 y}{w^4 z}$$

#12-13: Solve the exponential equations, round your answer to 2 decimals.

12)
$$3^x = 18$$
 13) $3^{x-5} = 2$

#14-19: Solve the logarithmic equations, round to 2 decimals when needed.

14) $\log_3 x = 4$ 15) $\ln x = 2$ 16) $\log_2(x+1) = 5$ 17) $\ln (4x-8) = \ln(3x-1)$ 18) $\log_2 (x+2) - \log_2 (x-2) = 1$ 19) $\log_2 (x+2) + \log_2 (x-2) = 5$